

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/905,039	07/12/2001		Gary A. Demos	07314-013001	2223	
20985	7590	12/23/2004		EXAMINER		
FISH & RICHARDSON, PC				LEE, Y YOUNG		
	AMINO REAL , CA 92130-2	081		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
5/11 bibdo, 6/1 52150-2001				2613		
				DATE MAIL ED: 12/22/200	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



	A 11 - 12						
Application No.	Applicant(s)	U)					
09/905,039	DEMOS, GARY A.						
Examiner	Art Unit						
Y. Lee	2613						
pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	\$					
136(a). In no event, however, may a plug within the statutory minimum of third will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON the, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this commun BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 November 2004</u> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
4) Claim(s) 1-87 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-7,16-36,45-65 and 74-87 is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 8-15,37-44 and 66-73 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
e drawing(s) be held in abeyar ction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1						
•							
nts have been received. nts have been received in A ority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	application No received in this National Stage	e					
Paper No(s 5) Notice of I	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
	Examiner Y. Lee  Departs on the cover sheet with the cover sheet with the statutory minimum of third will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AB ing date of this communication, even if the cover sheet and the cov	DEMOS, GARY A.  Examiner  Y. Lee  2613  LY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM  1.38(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the considered timely, the considered timely, the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely, the considere					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Art Unit: 2613

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 12/8/04 has been entered.

#### Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election without traverse of Figure 2, claims 8-15, 37-44, and 66-73 in the reply filed on 6/25/03 is acknowledged.
- 2. Claims 1-7, 16-36, 45-65, and 74-87 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected embodiment, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 6/25/03.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 2613

4. Claims 8-15, 37-44, and 66-73 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yanagihara (5,374,958) in view of Reininger et al (5,426,463) for the same reasons as set forth in Section 5 of the previous office action, dated 4/5/04.

Yanagihara, in Figures 1, 11, 13, and 14, discloses substantially the same method for reducing chroma noise as specified in claims 8-15, 37-44, and 66-73 of the present invention, comprising in a YUV video image compression system utilizing a variable quantization step size q and a quantization parameter QP representing the size of the step where an increase in QP corresponds to a larger quantizing step size, selecting one of reducing chroma noise during compression of a color video image (e.g. still block) and achieving higher compression during compression of the color video image (e.g. motion block); in response to selecting reducing chroma noise, utilizing a first QP value for the Y luminance channel of a color video image (e.g. 4\*SQ), and utilizing a second QP value for at least one of the U and V color channels of the color video image (e.g. 8\*SQ); and in response to selecting achieving higher compression utilizing a first QP value for the Y luminance channel of a color video image (e.g. 4\*SQ), and utilizing a second QP value for at least one of the U and V color channels of the color video image (e.g. 8), wherein the second QP value 8 is greater than the first QP value (e.g. 4\*SQ), so that at least one of the U and V color channels has coarser quantization resolution than the luminance channel.

With respect to claims 9, 10, 13, 14, 38, 39, 42, 43, 67, 68, 71, and 72, Yanagihara also discloses that the second QP value (e.g. 8\*SQ) is determined by applying a bias value 2 to the first QP value (e.g. 4\*SQ); and compressing the color

Art Unit: 2613

video image (Fig. 11), after application of the first and second QP values, to a compressed output image 13.

It is noted Yanagihara differs from the present invention in that it fails to particularly disclose quantizing the color channels with greater resolution than the luminance channel and any decompression details as specified in claims 8–15, 37-44, and 66-73. Reininger et al however, in Figures 2 and 3, teaches the concept of such well known variable second QP value 14 is less than the first QP value (i.e. variably controlled), so that at least one of the color channels C has greater quantization resolution than the luminance channel Y; and decompressing the compressed output image (16, 17) using the first and second QP values to obtain an uncompressed video image.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, having both the references of Yanagihara and Reininger et al before him/her, to exploit the common variable bit rate quantizing method as taught by Reininger et al in the YUV video image compression system of Yanagihara in order to adaptively quantize the luminance and color channels to efficiently achieve bandwidth reduction.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 11/5/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In response to applicant's argument on pages 3-5 of the Remarks that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., different QPs for chroma and luma in the

Art Unit: 2613

same macroblock) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

#### Conclusion

6. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the application prior to the entry of the submission under 37 CFR 1.114 and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the application prior to entry under 37 CFR 1.114. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action after the filling of a request for continued examination and the submission under 37 CFR 1.114. See MPEP § 706.07(b).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Y. Lee whose telephone number is (703) 308-7584.

The examiner can normally be reached on (703) 308-7584.

Art Unit: 2613

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chris Kelley can be reached on (703) 305-4856. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Y. Lee

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2613